

## Oracle® PL/SQL Programming: Hands-On - 5 Days

### *Course 493 Overview*

- You Will Learn How To**
- Develop efficient PL/SQL programs to access Oracle databases
  - Create stored procedures and functions for maximum reuse and minimum code maintenance
  - Design modular applications using packages
  - Manage data retrieval for front-end applications
  - Bulk bind collections to increase the speed of data movement operations
  - Invoke native dynamic SQL to develop high-level abstract code

**Course Benefits** The Oracle PL/SQL language—a flexible procedural extension to SQL—increases productivity, performance, scalability, portability and security. In this course, you gain the practical knowledge to write PL/SQL programs. You learn to build stored procedures, design and execute modular applications, and increase the efficiency of data movement.

**Who Should Attend** Programmers and others working with PL/SQL. A working knowledge of SQL and PL/SQL at the level of Course 926, "Oracle Database 11g Comprehensive Introduction", or Course 593, "Oracle Database 10g Comprehensive Introduction", is assumed.

**Hands-On Training** Extensive hands-on exercises provide experience writing modular PL/SQL code. Exercises include:

- Encapsulating data manipulation statements in stored procedures and packages
- Performing complex data manipulation with cursors
- Leveraging EXCEPTIONs to handle runtime errors
- Creating triggers to handle data integrity and derivation
- Utilising weak and strong cursor variables for dynamic SQL
- Denormalising data with user-written functions
- Creating global variables in bodiless packages for session processing

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## Course 493 Outline

### Introduction and Overview

#### PL/SQL fundamentals

- Declaring variables
- Anchoring variables to database definitions
- Flow control constructs

#### Oracle10g and 11g PL/SQL features

- PL/Scope in Oracle 11g
- CASE statement process flow
- Referencing PL/SQL records in DML
- Improving performance with native compilation
- Handling regular expressions with Oracle 10g functions
- Compound triggers in Oracle 11g
- Multiset operators for collections

### Data Manipulation Techniques

#### Maintaining data with DML statements

- Employing the RETURNING INTO clause
- Solving the fetch-across-commit problem

#### Managing data retrieval with cursors

- Implications of explicit and implicit cursors
- Cursor attributes
- Simplifying cursor processing with cursor FOR LOOPS
- Embedding cursor expressions in SELECT statements

#### Cursor variables

- Strong vs. weak cursor variables
- Passing cursor variables to other programs
- Defining REF CURSORS in packages

### Developing Well-Structured and Error-Free Code

#### Error handling using EXCEPTIONS

- Predefined and user EXCEPTIONS
- Propagation and scope
- "Retrying" problem transactions with EXCEPTION processing

#### Debugging PL/SQL blocks

- Simplifying testing and debugging with conditional compilation
- Interpreting compiler messages
- Applying structured testing techniques

### Achieving Maximum Reusability

#### Writing stored procedures and functions

- Calling and invoking server-side logic
- Passing input and output parameters
- Implementing an autonomous transaction

- Definer rights vs. invoker rights

#### Coding user-written functions

- Calling PL/SQL functions from SQL
- Building table-valued functions

#### Developing safe triggers

- Employing :OLD and :NEW bind variables in row-level triggers
- Implementing complex business rules
- Avoiding unreliable trigger constructs
- Exploiting schema and database triggers

### Exploiting Complex Datatypes

#### Collection types

- PL/SQL tables, nested tables, VARRAYs
- Stepping through dense and non-consecutive collections

#### Bulk binding for high performance

- Moving data into and out of PL/SQL blocks
- BULK COLLECT INTO
- FORALL
- BULK cursor attributes
- BULK EXCEPTION handling

### Invoking Native Dynamic SQL

#### Finessing the compiler

- The EXECUTE IMMEDIATE statement
- The RETURNING INTO clause

#### Types of dynamic SQL

- Building SQL statements during runtime
- Autogenerating standard code

### Package Tips and Techniques

- Package structure: SPEC and BODY
- Eliminating dependency problems
- Overloading for polymorphic effects
- Evaluating application frameworks
- Bodiless packages for all application definitions
- Declaring and using persistent global variables